

Report No.: 168315219a 002 Page 1 of 18

Client: ZHONGSHAN JIAHE METAL CO., LTD

Contact Information: Area C factory, Haicheng North Road, Hengmen, Nanlang Town,

Zhongshan City, Guangdong, P. R. China

Identification/ Barrier/ Steel Trestle/ steel fence/bike rack/steel Bench

Model No(s): Please refer to Page 2.

Condition at delivery: Test item complete and undamaged.

Sample Receiving date: 2021-04-21

Testing Period: 2021-04-23 - 2021-04-28

Place of testing: Chemical laboratory Shenzhen

Test Specification: Test result:

REACH Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, the last amendment (EU) 2015/628 PASS

entry 63 of Annex XVII - Total Lead Content

2. Phthalates Legal requirement (REACH) PASS

3. Organotin compounds content PASS

4. Total Cadmium Content PASS

5. Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) PASS

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of REACH and its amendments

6. Risk Assessment of Articles: Screening of substances of very high concern (SVHC) subject to the candidate list by European Chemical Agency (ECHA) page

Other information:

The report 168315219a 002 supersedes report 168315219a 001

For and on behalf of

2021-05-19

TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Anny Zhuang / Project Engineer

Date Name/Position

Sample information is provided by customer. Test result is drawn according to the kind and extent of tests performed.

This test report relates to the above mentioned test sample. Without permission of the test center this test report is not permitted to be duplicated in extracts. This test report does not entitle to carry any safety mark on this or similar products.

'Decision Rule" document announced in our website (https://www.tuv.com/landingpage/en/qm-gcn/) describes the statement of conformity and its rule of enforcement for test results are applicable throughout this test report.



Page 2 of 18

Information provided by customer

A135355/A135356/A135357/A135358/A135359/A135360/A135361/A135362/A1353623/A135364/A135365/A135366/A135366/A135366/A135366/A135366/A135366/A135366/A135366/A135368/A135369/A135370/A135371/A135372/A135373/A135374/A135375/A135376/A135377/A135378/A135379/A170342/A170350/A170351/A170352/A170354/A170356/A170357/A170367/A194310/A194312/A194313/A194314/A194315/A194316/A194317/A194318/A194319/A194320/A194321/A194322/A194323/A194324/A194329/A194338/A194345/A194346/A194347/A194348/A159656/A159657/A159658/A227400/A227401/A227402/A135398/A135399/A135400/A148102/A148103/A148105/A148107/A148110/A148111/A148113/A148115/A148117/A148129/A148130/A148131/A148133/A460675/A460676/A460677/A464126/A172269/A390134/A680306

Material List:

Item: Barrier/ Steel Trestle/ steel fence/bike rack/steel Bench

Please refer to Page 2.

Material No.	Material	Color	Location
M001	Metal + coating	Silvery/ grey	Refer to photo
M002	Metal	Silvery	Refer to photo
M003	Coating	Grey	Refer to photo



Page 3 of 18

1.Total Lead

Test Method: CPSC-CH-E1001-08.3, CPSC-CH-E1002-08.3 and CPSC-CH-E1003-09.1 (Microwave

method)

Test result:

Test No.	Material No.	Test Parameter	Unit	RL	Regulatory Requirement	Test Result
T001	M003	Lead Content	%	0.001	0.05	< RL
T002	M002	Lead Content	%	0.001	0.05	< RL

Abbreviation: < = less than

RL = Reporting Limit % = percentage

Remark:

* Regulation on Lead:

Country	Legislation	Maximum Permissible Limit
EU	Paragraph 1-6 of Entry 63 of Annex XVII, REACH Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006	For Jewellery, imitation jewellery, hair accessories, bracelets, necklaces, rings, piercing jewellery, wrist watches, wrist-wear, brooches and cufflinks and parts used for jewellery-making 0.05% (by weight of the individual part)
	Paragraph 7-10 of Entry 63 of Annex XVII, REACH Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006	Articles supplied to the general public during normal or reasonably foreseeable conditions of use, be placed in the mouth by children 0.05% (by weight of the individual part)
		The limit shall not apply where it can be demonstrated that the rate of lead release from such an article or any such accessible part of an article, whether coated or uncoated, does not exceed 0,05 $\mu g/cm^2$ per hour (equivalent to 0,05 $\mu g/g/h$), and, for coated articles, that the coating is sufficient to ensure that this release rate is not exceeded for a period of at least two years of normal or reasonably foreseeable conditions of use of the article.



Page 4 of 18

2.Phthalates content

Test Method: Ref. to CPSC-CH-C1001-09.4

Test Result:

	est No.	T001		
		Mate	rial No.	M003
Test Parameter	CAS NO	Unit	RL	Result
Diethylhexyl phthalate (DEHP)	117-81-7	%	0.005	< RL
Dibutyl phthalate (DBP)	84-74-2	%	0.005	< RL
Benzylbutyl phthalate (BBP)	85-68-7	%	0.005	< RL
Diisobutyl phthalate (DIBP)	84-69-5	%	0.005	< RL
Sum (DEHP+DBP+BBP+DIBP)	-	%	0.005	<rl< td=""></rl<>
Diisononyl phthalate (DINP)	28553-12-0,	%	0.005	< RL
	68515-48-0			
Diisodecyl phthalate (DIDP)	26761-40-0,	%	0.005	< RL
	68515-49-1			
Di-n-octyl phthalate (DNOP)	117-84-0	%	0.005	< RL
Sum (DINP+ DIDP+ DNOP)		%	0.005	< RL
Conclusion: REACH regulation (EC) No		Pass		
amendment regulations on Annex XVII	entries 51 and	52		

Abbreviation: < = less than

RL = Reporting Limit % = percentage



Page 5 of 18

Requirement of REACH regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and its amendment regulations on Annex XVII entries 51 and 52:

Parameter	Unit	Maximum Permissible Limit				
Plasticised materials in toys and childcare articles, or other articles# place on the market;						
Diethylhexyl phthalate (DEHP) Dibutyl phthalate (DBP) Benzylbutyl phthalate (BBP) Diisobutyl phthalate (DIBP)	%	0.1 (individually or sum of the four phthalates) Effective after 7 July 2020.				
Plasticised materials in children's toy and childcare articles	which can be	placed in the mouth by children:				
Di-n-octyl phthalate (DNOP) Diisodecyl phthalate (DIDP) Diisononyl phthalate (DINP)	%	0.1 (sum of the three phthalates)				

Denote:

- # Examples of articles that are excluded from the restriction
 - Articles exclusively for industrial / agricultural use / use in open air, provided that no plasticised material comes into contact with human mucous membranes or into prolonged contact with human skin (i.e. Continuous contact of more than 10 minutes duration or intermittent contact over a period of 30 minutes, per day.)
 - 2) Aircraft and motor vehicles (Directive 2007/46/EC) placed on the market before 7 January 2024, or articles for use exclusively in the maintenance or repair of them
 - 3) Measuring devices for laboratory use;
 - 4) Food contact material and articles within the scope of Regulation (EC) No 1935/2004 or Commission Regulation (EU) No 10/2011
 - 5) Medical devices (Directive 90/385/EEC, 93/42/EEC or 98/79/EC)
 - 6) Electrical and electronic equipment within the scope of Directive 2011/65/EU
 - Immediate packaging of medicinal products (Regulation (EC) No 726/2004, Directive 2001/82/EC or Directive 2001/83/EC)
- Single component with an amount below reporting limit was not considered by the calculation of the sum. In the case of all phthalates were not detected, the result is stated < RL



Page 6 of 18

3. Organotin compounds content

Test Method: Organic solvent extraction, GCMS

Ref. to ISO/TS 16179:2012

			Test No.	T001
			Material No.	M003
Test Parameter	Unit	RL	Regulatory Requirement	Result
TBT(Tributyltin) by weight of tin	%	0.01		< RL
TPT(Triphenyltin) by weight of tin	%	0.01		< RL
TOT(Trioctyltin) by weight of tin	%	0.01		< RL
TCyT(Tricyclohexyltin) by weight of tin	%	0.01		< RL
TPrT(Tripropyltin) by weight of tin	%	0.01		< RL
Sum of Tin of tri- substituted organotins	%	NA	0.1	<rl< td=""></rl<>
DBT(Dibutyltin) by weight of tin	%	0.01	0.1	< RL
DOT(Dioctyltin) by weight of tin	%	0.01	0.1	< RL

Abbreviation: < = less than

RL = Reporting Limit % = percentage NA = Not Applicable



Page 7 of 18

Remark:

- Single components with an amount of <0.01% were not considered in the calculation of the sum. In the case of all five tri-substituted organitins were not detected, the result is stated < RL</p>
- The assessment for tri-substituted organotins is based on the sum of TBT, TPT, TOT, TCyT and TPrT by weight of tin only.
- According to REACH Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Annex XVII Entry 20 and amendment Commission Regulation (EU) No. 276/2010 (formerly known as 2009/425/EC), organostannic compounds shall not be used or be placed on the market.

Type of organostannic compounds	Maximum Permissible Limit	Implementation date
Tri-substituted organostannic compounds, e.g. tributyltin (TBT) compounds and triphenyltin (TPT) compounds	0.1 % by weight of tin	1 July 2010
Dibutyltin (DBT) compounds in mixtures and articles for supply to the general public	0.1 % by weight of tin	1 January 2012 The below products will not be applicable until 1 January 2015: - one-component and two-component room temperature vulcanisation sealants (RTV-1 and RTV-2 sealants) and adhesives, - paints and coatings containing DBT compounds as catalysts when applied on articles, - soft polyvinyl chloride (PVC) profiles whether by themselves or coextruded with hard PVC, - fabrics coated with PVC containing DBT compounds as stabilisers when intended for outdoor applications, - outdoor rainwater pipes, gutters and fittings, as well as covering material for roofing and facades
Dioctyltin (DOT) compounds - textile articles intended to come into contact with the skin, - gloves, - footwear or part of footwear intended to come into contact with the skin, - wall and floor coverings - childcare articles, - female hygiene products, - nappies, - two-component room temperature vulcanisation moulding kits (RTV-2 moulding kits)	0.1 % by weight of tin	1 January 2012



Page 8 of 18

4.Total Cadmium Content

Test Method: For plastic: EN 1122:2001 (method B)

For metal and other material: Acid digestion, analysised by AAS/ ICP-OES

Test Result:

Test No.	Material No.	Test Parameter	Unit	RL	Customer's Requirement	Test Result
T001	M003	Cadmium	mg/kg	10	100	< RL

Abbreviation: < = less than

RL = Reporting Limit

mg/kg = milligram per kilogram



Page 9 of 18

5. Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)

Test Method: Organic solvent extraction, GCMS

				Test No.	T001
				Material No.	M003
Test Parameter	CAS NO	Unit	RL	Regulatory Requirement	Result
Benzo[a]anthracene (BaA)	56-55-3	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL
Benzo[a]pyrene(BaP)	50-32-8	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL
Benzo[b]fluoranthene (BbFA)	205-99-2	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL
Benzo[k]fluoranthene (BkFA)	207-08-9	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL
Benzo[j]fluoranthene (BjFA)	205-82-3	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL
Benzo[e]pyrene (BeP)	192-97-2	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL
Chrysene (CHR)	218-01-9	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL
Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene (DBAhA)	53-70-3	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL

Abbreviation: < = less than

RL = Reporting Limit NA = Not Applicable

mg/kg = milligram per kilogram

Remark:

* Requirement according to REACH regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 with Amendment No. 552/2009 Annex XVII Item No. 50 and (EU) No.1272/2013, are summarized as below:

Scope	Parameter	Unit	Maximum permissible limit		
Articles with direct as well as prolonged or short-term repetitive contact with the human skin or the oralcavity, under normal or reasonably foreseeable conditions of use ,made of plastic and rubber shall follow below limit:					
Such articles include amongst others:sport equipment such as bicycles, golf clubs, racquetshousehold utensils, trolleys, walking frames tools for domestic use clothing, footwear, gloves and sportswearwatch-straps, wrist-bands, masks, head-bands	Each of 8 listed PAHs	mg/kg	1		
Toys, including activity toys, and childcare articles	Each of 8 listed PAHs	mg/kg	0.5		



Page 10 of 18

6. Screening of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) subject to the Candidate List by European Chemical Agency (ECHA) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of REACH and its amendments.

Test Results

Screening of substances of very high concern (SVHC) subject to the candidate list by European Chemical Agency (ECHA) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of REACH and its amendments.

Test Method:

- 1) SVOC: organic solvent extraction, determination by GC-MS/ECD
- 2) VOC: organic solvent extraction, determination by GC-MS
- 3) VVOC: headspace-GC/MS analysis
- 4) non-VOC: organic solvent extraction, determination by LC-MS/MS.
- 5) inorganics: acid digestion, determination by ICP-OES

Test No.:	T001
Material No.:	M001
Result (%)	< RL

Abbreviation: < = less than

RL =Reporting Limit % =Percentage



Page 11 of 18

Remark:

(*1) The reporting limit for each individual SVHC in Candidate List by ECHA:

	Substance	CAS No.	Reporting Limit
1	4,4'- Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA)	101-77-9	0.01%
2	Benzyl butyl phthalate (BBP)	85-68-7	0.01%
3	Bis (2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (DEHP)	117-81-7	0.01%
4	Dibutyl phthalate (DBP)	84-74-2	0.01%
5	Hexabromocyclododecane (HBCDD) and all major diastereoisomers identified: Alpha-hexabromocyclododecane Beta-hexabromocyclododecane Gamma-hexabromocyclododecane	25637-99-4 / 3194-55-6 / 134237-50-6 / 134237-51-7 / 134237-52-8	0.01%
6	5-tert-butyl-2,4,6-trinitro-m-xylene (Musk xylene)	81-15-2	0.01%
7	2,4-Dinitrotoluene (2,4-DNT)	121-14-2	0.01%
8	Diisobutyl phthalate (DIBP)	84-69-5	0.01%
9	Tris(2-chloroethyl)phosphate	115-96-8	0.01%
10	Diarsenic pentaoxide (*2)	1303-28-2	0.01%
11	Diarsenic trioxide (*2)	1327-53-3	0.01%
12	Lead chromate (*2)(*3)	7758-97-6	0.01%
13	Lead chromate molybdate sulphate red (C.I. Pigment Red 104) (*2)(*3)	12656-85-8	0.01%
14	Lead sulfochromate yellow (C.I. Pigment Yellow 34) (*2)	1344-37-2	0.01%
15	Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.01%
16	Chromium trioxide (*2)	1333-82-0	0.01%
17	Acids generated from chromium trioxide and their oligomers: Names of the acids and their oligomers: Chromic acid, Dichromic acid, Oligomers of chromic acid and dichromic acid. (*2)	7738-94-5 / 13530-68-2	0.01%
18	Sodium dichromate (*2)(*3)	7789-12-0 / 10588-01-9	0.01%
19	Potassium dichromate *2)(*3)	7778-50-9	0.01%
20	Ammonium dichromate (*2)(*3)	7789-09-5	0.01%
21	Potassium chromate (*2)(*3)	7789-00-6	0.01%
22	Sodium chromate (*2)(*3)	7775-11-3	0.01%
23	Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with aniline (technical MDA) (*10)	25214-70-4	0.01%
24	1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	0.01%
25	Bis(2-methoxyethyl) ether	111-96-6	0.01%
26	Arsenic acid (*2)	7778-39-4	0.01%
27	2,2'-dichloro-4,4'-methylenedianiline (MOCA)	101-14-4	0.01%
28	Dichromium tris(chromate) (*2)(*3)	24613-89-6	0.01%
29	Strontium chromate (*2)(*3)	7789-06-2	0.01%
30	Potassium hydroxyoctaoxodizincatedichromate (*2)(*3)	11103-86-9	0.01%
31	Pentazinc chromate octahydroxide (*2)(*3)	49663-84-5	0.01%
32	1-bromopropane (n-propyl bromide)	106-94-5	0.01%
33	Diisopentylphthalate	605-50-5	0.01%
34	1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C6-8-branched alkyl esters, C7-rich (DIHP)	71888-89-6	0.01%



Page 12 of 18

25	1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C7-11-branched and linear alkyl esters	00545 40 4	0.040/
35	(DHNUP)	68515-42-4	0.01%
36	1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dipentylester, branched and linear	84777-06-0	0.01%
37	Bis(2-methoxyethyl) phthalate	117-82-8	0.01%
38	Dipentyl phthalate (DPP)	131-18-0	0.01%
-	N-pentyl-isopentylphthalate	776297-69-9	0.01%
\vdash	Anthracene oil (*6)	90640-80-5	0.01%(*7)
41	Pitch, coal tar, high temperature (*6)	65996-93-2	0.01%(*7)
	4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenol, ethoxylated (OPEO) [covering well-defined substances and UVCB substances, polymers and homologues]	-	0.01%
43	4-Nonylphenol, branched and linear [substances with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number of 9 covalently bound in position 4 to phenol, covering also UVCB- and well-defined substances which include any of the individual isomers or a combination thereof]	-	0.01%
44	1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dihexyl ester, branched and linear	68515-50-4	0.01%
45	Dihexyl phthalate	84-75-3	0.01%
46	1,2-benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C6-10-alkyl esters; 1,2-benzenedicarboxylic acid, mixed decyl and hexyl and octyl diesters with ≥ 0.3% of dihexyl phthalate (EC No. 201-559-5)	68515-51-5 / 68648-93-1	0.01%
47	Trixylyl phosphate	25155-23-1	0.01%
48	Sodium perborate,perboric acid, sodium salt (*2) (*5)	-	0.01%
49	Sodium peroxometaborate (*2) (*5)	7632-04-4	0.01%
	5-sec-butyl-2-(2,4-dimethylcyclohex-3-en-1-yl)-5-methyl-1,3-dioxane [1], 5-sec-butyl-2-(4,6-dimethylcyclohex-3-en-1-yl)-5-methyl-1,3-dioxane [2] [covering any of the individual stereoisomers of [1] and [2] or any combination thereof]	-	0.01%
51	2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4,6-ditertpentylphenol (UV-328)	25973-55-1	0.01%
52	2,4-di-tert-butyl-6-(5-chlorobenzotriazol-2-yl)phenol (UV-327)	3864-99-1	0.01%
53	2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4-(tert-butyl)-6-(sec-butyl)phenol (UV-350)	36437-37-3	0.01%
54	2-benzotriazol-2-yl-4,6-di-tert-butylphenol (UV-320)	3846-71-7	0.01%
55	Anthracene	120-12-7	0.01%
56	Bis(tributyltin) oxide (TBTO) (*4)	56-35-9	0.01%
57	Triethyl arsenate (*2)	15606-95-8	0.01%
58	Lead hydrogen arsenate (*2)	7784-40-9	0.01%
59	Cobalt dichloride (*2)	7646-79-9	0.01%
60	Acrylamide	79-06-1	0.01%
61	Anthracene oil, anthracene paste, distn. lights (*6)	91995-17-4	
62	Anthracene oil, anthracene paste, anthracene fraction (*6)	91995-15-2	
63	Anthracene oil, anthracene-low (*6)	90640-82-7	0.01% (*7)
64	Anthracene oil, anthracene paste (*6)	90640-81-6	
65	Boric acid (*2) (*5)	10043-35-3 / 11113-50-1	0.01%
66	Disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (*2) (*5)	1303-96-4 / 1330-43-4 / 12179- 04-3	0.01%



Page 13 of 18

67	Tetraboron disodium heptaoxide, hydrate (*2) (*5)	12267-73-1	0.01%
68	2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4	0.01%
69	2-Ethoxyethanol	110-80-5	0.01%
70	Cobalt(II) sulphate (*2)	10124-43-3	0.01%
71	Cobalt(II) dinitrate (*2)	10141-05-6	0.01%
72	Cobalt(II) carbonate (*2)	513-79-1	0.01%
73	Cobalt(II) diacetate (*2)	71-48-7	0.01%
74	Alkanes C10-C13, chloro (Short Chain Chlorinated Paraffins) (SCCP)	85535-84-8	0.01%
75	2-Ethoxyethyl acetate	111-15-9	0.01%
76	Hydrazine	302-01-2 / 7803-57-8	0.01%
77	1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone (NMP)	872-50-4	0.01%
78	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	96-18-4	0.01%
79	Aluminosilicate Refractory Ceramic Fibres (RCF) (*8)	-	0.01%
80	Zirconia Aluminosilicate Refractory Ceramic Fibres (Zr-RCF) (*8)	-	0.01%
81	2-Methoxyaniline,o-Anisidine	90-04-0	0.01%
82	4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenol	140-66-9	0.01%
83	Calcium arsenate (*2)	7778-44-1	0.01%
84	Trilead diarsenate (*2)	3687-31-8	
85	N,N-dimethylacetamide (DMAC)	127-19-5	0.01%
86	Phenolphthalein	77-09-8	0.01%
87	Lead dipicrate (*2)	6477-64-1	0.01%
88	Lead diazide, Lead azide (*2)	13424-46-9	0.01%
89	Lead styphnate (*2)	15245-44-0	0.01%
90	1,2-bis(2-methoxyethoxy)ethane (TEGDME,triglyme)	112-49-2	0.01%
91	1,2-dimethoxyethane,ethylene glycol dimethyl ether (EGDME)	110-71-4	0.01%
92	Diboron trioxide (*2) (*5)	1303-86-2	0.01%
93	Formamide	75-12-7	0.01%
94	Lead(II) bis(methanesulfonate) (*2)	17570-76-2	0.01%
95	1,3,5-Tris(oxiran-2-ylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazinane-2,4,6-trione (TGIC)	2451-62-9	0.01%
96	1,3,5-tris[(2S and 2R)-2,3-epoxypropyl]-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-(1H,3H,5H)-trione (β-TGIC)	59653-74-6	0.01%
97	4,4'-bis(dimethylamino)benzophenone (Michler's ketone), MK	90-94-8	0.05%
98	N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-4,4'-methylenedianiline (Michler's base), RMK	101-61-1	0.01%
99	[4-[[4-anilino-1-naphthyl][4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene] cyclohexa-2,5-dien-1-ylidene] dimethylammonium chloride (C.I. Basic Blue 26) [with ≥ 0.1% of Michler's ketone (EC No. 202-027-5) or Michler's base (EC No. 202-959-2)] (*2)	2580-56-5	
100	[4-[4,4'-bis(dimethylamino) benzhydrylidene]cyclohexa-2,5-dien-1-ylidene]dimethylammonium chloride (C.I. Basic Violet 3) [with ≥ 0.1% of Michler's ketone (EC No. 202-027-5) or Michler's base (EC No. 202-959-2)] (*9)	548-62-9	0.01%
101	4,4'-bis(dimethylamino)-4"-(methylamino)trityl alcohol [with ≥ 0.1% of Michler's ketone (EC No. 202-027-5) or Michler's base (EC No. 202-959-2)] (*9)	561-41-1	
102	α , α -Bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-4 (phenylamino)naphthalene-1-methanol (C.I. Solvent Blue 4) [with \geq 0.1% of Michler's ketone (EC No. 202-027-5) or Michler's base (EC No. 202-959-2)] (*9)	6786-83-0	



Page 14 of 18

103	Bis(pentabromophenyl) ether (decabromodiphenyl ether) (DecaBDE)	1163-19-5	0.01%
104	Pentacosafluorotridecanoic acid	72629-94-8	0.01%
105	Tricosafluorododecanoic acid	307-55-1	0.01%
106	Henicosafluoroundecanoic acid	2058-94-8	0.01%
107	Heptacosafluorotetradecanoic acid	376-06-7	0.01%
108	Diazene-1,2-dicarboxamide (C,C'-azodi(formamide)) (ADCA) (*11)	123-77-3	0.05%
109	Cyclohexane-1,2-dicarboxylic anhydride [1], cis-cyclohexane-1,2-dicarboxylic anhydride [2], trans-cyclohexane-1,2-dicarboxylic anhydride [3] [The individual cis- [2] and trans- [3] isomer substances and all possible combinations of the cis- and trans-isomers [1] are covered by this entry]	85-42-7 / 13149-00-3 / 14166-21-3	0.01%
110	Hexahydromethylphthalic anhydride (MHHPA) [1], Hexahydro-4-methylphthalic anhydride [2], Hexahydro-1-methylphthalic anhydride [3], Hexahydro-3-methylphthalic anhydride [4] [The individual isomers [2], [3] and [4] (including their cis- and trans- stereo isomeric forms) and all possible combinations of the isomers [1] are covered by this entry]	25550-51-0 / 19438-60-9 / 48122-14-1 / 57110-29-9	0.01%
111	N,N-dimethylformamide	68-12-2	0.01%
112	1,2-Diethoxyethane	629-14-1	0.01%
113	Diethyl sulphate	64-67-5	0.01%
114	Methoxyacetic acid (MAA)	625-45-6	0.01%
115	Dimethyl sulphate	77-78-1	0.01%
116	N-methylacetamide	79-16-3	0.01%
117	Furan	110-00-9	0.01%
118	Methyloxirane (Propylene oxide)	75-56-9	0.01%
119	3-ethyl-2-methyl-2-(3-methylbutyl)-1,3-oxazolidine	143860-04-2	0.01%
120	Dibutyltin dichloride (DBTC) (*15)	683-18-1	0.01%
121	Dinoseb (6-sec-butyl-2,4-dinitrophenol)	88-85-7	0.01%
122	4,4'-methylenedi-o-toluidine	838-88-0	0.01%
123	4,4'-oxydianiline and its salts	101-80-4	0.01%
124	4-Aminoazobenzene	60-09-3	0.01%
125	4-methyl-m-phenylenediamine (toluene-2,4-diamine)	95-80-7	0.01%
126	6-methoxy-m-toluidine (p-cresidine)	120-71-8	0.01%
127	Biphenyl-4-ylamine	92-67-1	0.01%
128	o-aminoazotoluene	97-56-3	0.01%
129	o-Toluidine	95-53-4	0.01%
130	Acetic acid, lead salt, basic (*2)	51404-69-4	0.01%
131	Trilead bis(carbonate) dihydroxide (*2)	1319-46-6	0.01%
132	Lead oxide sulfate (*2)	12036-76-9	0.01%
133	[Phthalato(2-)]dioxotrilead (*2)	69011-06-9	0.01%
134	Dioxobis(stearato)trilead (*2)	12578-12-0	0.01%
135	Fatty acids, C16-18, lead salts (*2)	91031-62-8	0.01%
136	Lead bis(tetrafluoroborate) (*2)	13814-96-5	0.01%
137	Lead cyanamidate (*2)	20837-86-9	0.01%
138	Lead dinitrate (*2)	10099-74-8	0.01%
139	Lead monoxide (lead oxide) (*2)	1317-36-8	0.01%
140	Orange lead (lead tetroxide) (*2)	1314-41-6	0.01%



Page 15 of 18

141	Lead titanium trioxide (*2)	12060-00-3	0.01%
142	Lead titanium zirconium oxide (*2)	12626-81-2	0.01%
143	Pyrochlore, antimony lead yellow (*2)	8012-00-8	0.01%
144	Pentalead tetraoxide sulphate (*2)	12065-90-6	0.01%
145	Silicic acid (H2Si2O5), barium salt (1:1), lead-doped [with lead (Pb) content above the applicable generic concentration limit for 'toxicity for reproduction' Repr. 1A (CLP) or category 1 (DSD), the substance is a member of the group entry of lead compounds, with index number 082-001-00-6 in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008] (*2)	68784-75-8	0.01%
146	Silicic acid, lead salt (*2)	11120-22-2	0.01%
147	Sulfurous acid, lead salt, dibasic (*2)	62229-08-7	0.01%
148	Tetraethyllead (*2)	78-00-2	0.01%
149	Tetralead trioxide sulphate (*2)	12202-17-4	0.01%
150	Trilead dioxide phosphonate (*2)	12141-20-7	0.01%
151	Ammonium pentadecafluorooctanoate (APFO) (*12)	3825-26-1	0.01%
152	Pentadecafluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)	335-67-1	0.01%
153	Cadmium (*2)	7440-43-9	0.01%
154	Cadmium oxide (*2)	1306-19-0	0.01%
155	4-Nonylphenol, branched and linear, ethoxylated (NPEO) [substances with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number of 9 covalently bound in position 4 to phenol, ethoxylated covering UVCB- and well-defined substances, polymers and homologues, which include any of the individual isomers and/or combinations thereof]	-	0.01%
156	Imidazolidine-2-thione; (2-imidazoline-2-thiol)	96-45-7	0.01%
157	Disodium 3,3'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diylbis(azo)]bis(4-aminonaphthalene-1-sulphonate) (C.I. Direct Red 28)	573-58-0	0.01%
158	Disodium 4-amino-3-[[4'-[(2,4-diaminophenyl)azo][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-5-hydroxy-6-(phenylazo)naphthalene-2,7-disulphonate (C.I. Direct Black 38)	1937-37-7	0.01%
159	Lead di(acetate) (*2)	301-04-2	0.01%
160	Cadmium sulphide (*2)	1306-23-6	0.01%
161	Cadmium chloride (*2)	10108-64-2	0.01%
162	Cadmium fluoride (*2)	7790-79-6	0.01%
163	Cadmium sulphate (*2)	10124-36-4 / 31119-53-6	0.01%
164	2-ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4,4-dioctyl-7-oxo-8-oxa-3,5-dithia-4-stannatetradecanoate (DOTE) (*13)	15571-58-1	0.01%
165	Reaction mass of 2-ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4,4-dioctyl-7-oxo-8-oxa-3,5-dithia-4-stannatetradecanoate and 2-ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4-[[2-[(2-ethylhexyl)oxy]-2-oxoethyl]thio]-4-octyl-7-oxo-8-oxa-3,5-dithia-4-stannatetradecanoate (reaction mass of DOTE and MOTE) (*14)	-	0.01%
166	1,3-propanesultone	1120-71-4	0.01%
167	Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.01%
168	Perfluorononan-1-oic-acid and its sodium and ammonium salts	375-95-1 21049-39-8 4149-60-4	0.01%
169	Benzo[def]chrysene (Benzo[a]pyrene)	50-32-8	0.01%
170	4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol (bisphenol A)	80-05-7	0.01%
171	Nonadecafluorodecanoic acid (PFDA) and its sodium and ammonium salts	335-76-2 3830-45-3 3108-42-7	0.01%
172	4-heptylphenol, branched and linear [substances with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number of 7 covalently bound predominantly in position 4 to phenol, covering also UVCB- and well-defined substances which include any of the individual isomers or a combination thereof]	-	0.01%



Page 16 of 18

173	p-(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenol	80-46-6	0.01%
174	Perfluorohexane-1-sulfonic acid and its salts (PFHxS)	-	0.01%
175	Chrysene	218-01-9	0.01%
176	Benzo[a]anthracene	56-55-3	0.01%
177	Cadmium nitrate(*2)	10325-94-7	0.01%
178	Cadmium hydroxide(*2)	21041-95-2	0.01%
179	Cadmium carbonate(*2)	513-78-0	0.01%
180	1,6,7,8,9,14,15,16,17,17,18,18- Dodecachloropentacyclo [12.2.1.16,9.02,13.05,10]octadeca-7,15-diene ("Dechlorane Plus"TM) [covering any of its individual anti- and syn-isomers or any combination thereof]	-	0.01%
181	Reaction products of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and 4-heptylphenol, branched and linear (RP-HP) [with ≥0.1% w/w 4-heptylphenol, branched and linear]	-	0.01%
182	Benzene-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid 1,2 anhydride (trimellitic anhydride, TMA)	552-30-7	0.01%
183	Dicyclohexyl phthalate (DCHP)	84-61-7	0.01%
184	Terphenyl, hydrogenated	61788-32-7	0.01%
185	Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4)	556-67-2	0.01%
186	Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane (D5)	541-02-6	0.01%
187	Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane (D6)	540-97-6	0.01%
188	Ethylenediamine (EDA)	107-15-3	0.01%
189	Lead	7439-92-1	0.01%
190	Disodium octaborate (*2)(*5)	12008-41-2	0.01%
191	Benzo[ghi]perylene	191-24-2	0.01%
192	2,2-bis(4'-hydroxyphenyl)-4-methylpentane	6807-17-6	0.01%
193	Benzo[k]fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.01%
194	Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.01%
195	Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.01%
196	Pyrene	129-00-0	0.01%
197	1,7,7-trimethyl-3-(phenylmethylene)bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan- 2-one	15087-24-8	0.01%
198	2-methoxyethyl acetate	110-49-6	0.01%
199	Tris(4-nonylphenyl, branched and linear) phosphite (TNPP) with ≥ 0.1% w/w of 4 -nonylphenol, branched and linear (4-NP)	-	0.01%
200	2,3,3,3-tetrafluoro-2-(heptafluoropropoxy)propionic acid, its salts and its acyl halides (covering any of their individual isomers and combinations thereof)	-	0.01%
201	4-tert-butylphenol	98-54-4	0.01%
202	Diisohexyl phthalate (DiHexP)	71850-09-4	0.01%
203	2-benzyl-2-dimethylamino-4'-morpholinobutyrophenone	119313-12-1	0.01%
204	2-methyl-1-(4-methylthiophenyl)-2-morpholinopropan-1-one	71868-10-5	0.01%
205	Perfluorobutane sulfonic acid (PFBS) and its salts	-	0.01%
206	1-vinylimidazole	1072-63-5	0.01%
207	2-methylimidazole	693-98-1	0.01%
208	Butyl 4-hydroxybenzoate	94-26-8	0.01%
209	Dibutylbis(pentane-2,4-dionato-O,O')tin(*15)	22673-19-4	0.01%
210	Bis(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl)ether	143-24-8	0.01%
211	Dioctyltin dilaurate, stannane, dioctyl-, bis(coco acyloxy) derivs., and any other stannane, dioctyl-, bis(fatty acyloxy) derivs. wherein C12 is the predominant carbon number of the fatty acyloxy moiety (*13)	-	0.01%



Page 17 of 18

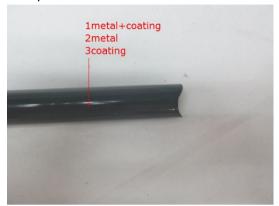
Remark:

- (*2) The substances are tested and calculated in terms of its respective elements and to the worst-case scenario. And the elements may come from the compounds other than SVHCs.
- (*3) The substances are tested and calculated in terms of Cr (VI).
- (*4) The substance is tested and calculated in terms of Tributyl tin.
- (*5) The substances are confirmed and tested in terms of borate and the borate may come from the compounds other than SVHCs.
- (*6) The substances are UVCB (substance of unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or biological materials), which are identified by its main constituents.
- (*7) Individual concentrations to the constituent of UVCB with an amount of < 0.01% were not considered by the calculation of the sum.
- (*8) The test results are based on microscopic and chemical evaluation.
- (*9) The substances are quantified in terms of Michler's ketone and Michler's base by LC-MS, as Michler's ketone or Michler's base was found exceeds 0.01%.
- (*10) The content oligomer is determined by Py-GC/MS.
- (*11) The content of diazene-1,2-dicarboxamide is analyzed in terms of its breakdown product.
- (*12) The substance is tested in terms of pentadecafluorooctanoate.
- (*13) The substance is tested and calculated in terms of Dioctyl tin.
- (*14) The substance is tested and calculated in terms of Monooctyl tin and Dioctyl tin.
- (*15) The substance is tested and calculated in terms of Dibutyl tin
- (*16) The material whose weight is <0.1% of the total weight in an article is neglected for testing.
- (*17) The tested material(s) was screened only for selected SVHCs. Selection of tests refers to the material type and application and the possibility of contamination during production & material specific contamination of the product.
- (*18) The other SVHCs which are not mentioned in test result were either not subject to testing according to remark *17 or not detected.



Page 18 of 18

Sample Photos





Sample



Reference photo

General Terms and Conditions of Business of TÜV Rheinland in Greater China

- These General Terms and Conditions of Business of TÜV Rheinland in Greater China ("GTCB") is made between the client and one or more member entities of TÜV Rheinland in Greater China as applicable as the case may be c'TÜV Rheinland'. The Greater China hereof refers to Mainland China, Hong Kong and Taiwan.The client hereof includes:
- a natural person capable to form legally binding contracts under the applicable laws who concludes the contract not for the purpose of a daily use;
- (ii) the incorporated or unincorporated entity duly organized, validly existing and capable to form legally binding contracts under the applicable law.
- 1.2 The following terms and conditions apply to agreed services including consultancy services, information, deliveries and similar services as well as ancillary services and other secondary obligations provided within the scope of contract performance.
- Any standard terms and conditions of the client of any nature shall not apply and sha hereby be expressly excluded. No standard contractual terms and conditions of the clien shall form part of the contract even if TÜV Rheinland does not explicitly object to them.
- In the context of an ongoing business relationship with the client, this GTCB shall also apply to future contracts with the client without TÜV Rheinland having to refer to them separately

Unless otherwise agreed, all quotations submitted by $T\ddot{U}V$ Rheinland can be changed by $T\ddot{U}V$ Rheinland without notice prior to its acceptance and confirmation by the other party.

Coming into effect and duration of contracts

- The contract shall come into effect for the agreed terms upon the quotation letter of TÜV Rheinland or a separate contractual document being signed by both contracting parties, or upon the works requested by the client being carried out by TÜV Rheinland. If the client instructs TÜV Rheinland without receiving a quotation from TÜV Rheinland (quotation). TÜV Rheinland, in its sice discretion, entitled to accept the order by giving written cof such acceptance (including notice sent via electronic means) or by performing the requested service.
- 3.2 The contract term starts upon the coming into effect of the contract in accordance with article 3.1 and shall continue for the term agreed in the contract.
- 3.3 If the contract provides for an extension of the contract term, the contract term will be extended by the term provided for in the contract unless terminated in writing by either party with a six-week notice prior to the end of the contractual term.

Scope of services

- The scope and type of the services to be provided by TÜV Rheinland shall be specified in the contractually agreed service scope of TÜV Rheinland by both parties. If no such separate service scope of TÜV Rheinland exists, then the written confirmation of order by TÜV Rheinland shall be decisive for the service to be provided.
- 4.2 The agreed services shall be performed in compliance with the regulations in force at the time the contract is entered into.
- TÜV Rheinland is entitled to determine, in its sole discretion, the method and nature of the assessment unless otherwise agreed in writing or if mandatory provisions require a specific procedure to be followed.
- On execution of the work there shall be no simultaneous assumption of any guarar the correctness (proper quality) and working order of either tested or examined parts the installation as a whole and its upstream and/or downstream processes, organiss use and application in accordance with regulations, nor of the systems on which installation is based. In particular, 70th heinland shall assume no responsibility for construction, selection of materials and assembly of installations examined, nor to use and application in accordance with regulations, unless these questions are exprovered by the contract.
- 4.5 In the case of inspection work, TÜV Rheinland shall not be responsible for the accuracy or checking of the safety programmes or safety regulations on which the inspections are based, unless otherwise expressly agreed in writing.
- 4.6 If mandatory legal regulations and standards or official requirements for the agreed service scope change after conclusion of the contract, with a written notice to the client, TUV Rheinland shall be entitled to additional remuneration for resulting additional expenses.
- 4.7The services to be provided by TÜV Rheinland under the contract are agreed exclusively with the client. A contract of third parties with the services of TÜV Rheinland, as well as making available of and justifying confidence in the work results (test reports, test results, expert reports, etc.) is not part of the agreed services. This also applies if the client passes or work results in full or in extracts to third parties in accordance with clause 11.4.

Performance periods/dates

- The contractually agreed periods/dates of performance are based on estimates of involved which are prepared in line with the details provided by the client. They be binding if being confirmed as binding by TÜV Rheinland in writing.
- If binding periods of performance have been agreed, these periods shall not commence until the client has submitted all required documents to TÜV Rheinland.
- 5.3 Articles 5.1 and 5.2 also apply, even without express approval by the client, to all extensions of agreed periods/dates of performance not caused by TÜV Rheinland.
- 5.4TÜV Rheinland is not responsible for a delay in performance, in particular if the client has not fulfillided his duties to cooperate in accordance with clause 6.1 or has not done so in time and, in particular, has not provided TÜV Rheinland with all documents and information required for the performance of the service as specified in the contract.
- 5.5lf the performance of TÜV Rheinland is delayed due to unforeseeable circumstances such as force majeure, strikes, business disruptions, governmental regulations, transport obstacles, etc., TÜV Rheinland is entitled to postpone performance for a reasonable period of time which corresponds at least to the duration of the hindrance plus any time period which may be required to resume cerformance.

The client's obligation to cooperate

- The client shall guarantee that all cooperation required on its part, its agents or third parties will be provided in good time and at no cost to $T\ddot{U}V$ Rheinland.
- 6.2 Design documents, supplies, auxiliary staff, etc. necessary for performance of the services shall be made available free of charge by the client. Moreover, collaborative action of the client must be undertaken in accordance with legal provisions, stardards, safety regulations and accident prevention instructions. And the client represents and warrants that:
 - a) it has required statutory qualifications:
 - b) the product, service or management system to be certified complies with applicable laws and regulations; and
 - c) it doesn't have any illegal and dishonest behaviours or is not included in the list of Enterprises with Serious Illegal and Dishonest Acts of People's Republic of China.
 - If the client breaches the aforesaid representations and warranties, TÜV Rheinland is entitled to i) immediately terminate the contract/order without prior notice; and ii) withdraw the issued testing report/certificates if any.
- The client shall bear any additional cost incurred on account of work having to be redone or being delayed as a result of late, incorrect or incomplete information provided by or lack of proper cooperation from the client. Even where a fixed or maximum price is agreed, TÜV Rheinland shall be entitled to charge extra fees for such additional expense.

- If the scope of performance is not laid down in writing when the order is placed, invoicing shall be based on costs actually incurred. If no price is agreed in writing, invoicing shall be made in accordance with the price list of TÜV Rheinland valid at the time of performance.
- 7.2 Unless otherwise agreed, work shall be invoiced according to the progress of the work.
- 7.3 If the execution of an order extends over more than one month and the value of the contract or the agreed fixed price exceeds £2,500.00 or equivalent value in local currency, TÜV Rheinland may demand payments on account or in instalments.

- All invoice amounts shall be due for payment without deduction on receipt of the invoice. No discounts and rebates shall be granted.
- Payments shall be made to the bank account of TÜV Rheinland as indicated on the invoice, stating the invoice and client numbers.
- 8.3 In cases of default of payment, TÜV Rheinland shall be entitled to claim default interest at the applicable short term loan interest rate publicly announced by a reputable commercial bank in the country where TÜV Rheinland is located. At the same time, TÜV Rheinland reserves the right to claim further damages.
- Should the client default in payment of the invoice despite being granted a reasonable grace period, TÜV Rheinland shall be entitled to cancel the contract, withdraw the certificate, claim damages for non-performance and refuse to continue performance of the
- 8.5 The provisions set forth in article 8.4 shall also apply in cases involving returned cheques, cessation of payment, commencement of insolvency proceedings against the client's assets or cases in which the commencement of insolvency proceedings has been dismissed due to lack of assets.

- 8.6 Objections to the invoices of TÜV Rheinland shall be submitted in writing within two w of receipt of the invoice
- 8.7 TÜV Rheinland shall be entitled to demand appropriate advance payments
- 8.7 IUV kneinland shall be entitled to desire fieles at the beginning of a month if overheads and/or purchase costs have increased. In this case, TÜV Rheinland shall notify the client in writing of the rise in fees. This notification shall be issued one month prior to the date on which the rise in fees. This notification shall be issued one month prior to the date on which the rise in fees shall come into effect (period of notice of changes in fees). If the rise in fees remains under 5% per contractual year, the client shall not have the right to terminate the contract. If the rise in fees exceed 5% per contractual year, the client shall be described to the right to terminate the contract in the rise in fees acceed 5% per contractual year, the client shall be described to the right to terminate the contract is not terminated, the changed fees shall be deemed to have been agreed upon by the time of the expiry of the notice period.
- 8.9 Only legally established and undisputed claims may be offset against claims by TÜV Rheinland.

- 9.1 Any part of the work result ordered which is complete in itself may be presented by TÜV Rheinland for acceptance as an instalment. The client shall be obliged to accept it interesting the complete of the complete or the complete or
- 9.2 If acceptance is required or contractually agreed in an individual case, this shall be deemed to have taken place two (2) weeks after completion and handover of the work, unless the client refuses acceptance within this period stating at least one fundmental breach of contract by TÜV Rheinland.
- 9.3 The client is not entitled to refuse acceptance due to insignificant breach of contract by TÜV Rheinland.
- 9.4 If acceptance is excluded according to the nature of the work performance of TÜV Rheinland, the completion of the work shall take its place.
- rnemiano, the completion of the work shall take its place.

 9. If the claim was unable to make use of the time windows provided for within the scope of contribution procedure for auditing/performance by TUV. Rheinland and the certificate severe to be provided to the provided provided to t
- 9.6 Insofar as the client has undertaken in the contract to accept services, TÜV Rheinland shall also be entitled to charge lump-sun damages in the amount of 10% of the order amount as compensation for expenses if the service is not called within one year after the order has been placed. The client reserves the right to prove that the TÜV Rheinland has incurred no damage whatsoever or only a considerably lower damage than the above mentioned tump and the contraction of the place of the reserves the reser

- 10. Confidentiality
 10.1-for the purpose of these terms and conditions, "confidential information" means all information, documents, images, drawings, know-how, data, samples and project documentation which one party (the "disclosing party") hands over, transfers or otherw discloses to the other party (the "foceiving party"), and the confidential information reducing performance of work by TUV Rheinfand, including product testing data, defects, conformity to the technical standard and related reports. Confidential information is exp not the data and know-how collected, compled or otherwise obtained by TUV Rheinfand (non-personal) within the scope of the provision of services by TUV Rheinfand. TUV Rheinfand is entitled to store, use, further develop and pass on the data obtained in connection with the provision of services for the purposes of developing new services, improving services and analysing the provision of services.
- 10.2 The disclosing party shall mark all confidential information disclosed in written form as confidential before passing it onto the receiving party. The same applies to confidential information is disclosed orally, the receiving party shall be appropriately information is disclosed orally, the receiving party shall be appropriately informed in advance and the disclosing party shall confirm in writing the confidentiality nature of the information within five working days of oral disclosure. Where the disclosing party fails to do so within the stipulated period, the receiving party shall not take any confidentiality holigations her enurient towards such information.
- 10.3 All confidential information which the disclosing party transmits or otherwise discloses to the receiving party and which is created during performance of work by TÜV Rheinland:

a)may only be used by the receiving party for the purposes of performing the contract, unless expressly otherwise agreed in writing by the disclosing party;

b)may not be copied, distributed, published or otherwise disclosed by the receiving party, unless this is necessary for fulfilling the purpose of the contract or TÜV Rheinland is requir to pass on confidential information, inspection reports or documentation to the governmen authorities, judicial court, accreditation bodies or third parties that are involved in the

communities treated by the receiving party with the same level of confidentiality as the party uses to protect its own confidential information, but never with a lesser level of confidentiality than that which is reasonably required.

- 10.4 The receiving party may disclose any confidential information received from the disclosing party only to those of its employees who need this information to perform the services required for the contract. The receiving party undertakes to obligh these employees to observe the same level of secrecy as set forth in this confidentiality clause.
- 10.5 Information for which the receiving party can furnish proof that:
 - a)it was generally known at the time of disclosure or has become general knowledge without violation of this confidentiality clause by the receiving party; or
 - b)it was disclosed to the receiving party by a third party entitled to disclose this information; or c)the receiving party already possessed this information prior to disclosure by the disclosing party; or
 - d)the receiving party developed it itself, irrespective of disclosure by the disclosing party, sha not be deemed to constitute "confidential information" as defined in this confidentiality clause
- 10.6 All confidential information shall remain the property of the disclosing party. The receiving party hereby agrees to immediately (i) return all confidential information, including all copie party hereby agrees to immediately (i) return all confidential information, including all copies, to the disclosing party, and/or (ii) on request by the disclosing party, to destroy all confidential information, including all copies, and confirm the destruction of this confidential information the disclosing party in writing, at any time if so requested by the disclosing party but at the latest and without special request after termination or expiry of the contract. This does not extend to include reports and certificates prepared for the client solely for the purpose of fulfilling the obligations under the contract, which shall remain with the client. However, TUV Rheinland is entitled to make file copies of such reports, certificates and confidential information that forms the basis for preparing these reports and certificates in order to evidence the correctness of its results and for general documentation purposes required by laws, regulations and the requirements of working procedures of TÜV Rheinland.
- 10.7 From the start of the contract and for a period of three years after termination or expiry of the contract, the receiving party shall maintain strict secrecy of all confidential information and shall not disclose this information to any third parties or use it for itself.

11. Copyrights and rights of use, publications

- 11.1 TÜV Rheinland shall retain all exclusive copyrights in the reports, expert reports/opinions, reports/results, results, calculations, presentations etc. prepared by TÜV Rheinland, unit otherwise agreed by the parties in a separeta agreement. As the owner of the copyright TÜV Rheinland is free to grant others the right to use the work results for individual or types of use tright of use?
- 11.2 The client receives a simple, unlimited, non-transferable, non-sublicensable right of use to the contents of the work results produced within the scope of the contract, unless otherwise agreed by the parties in a separate agreement. The client may only use such reports, expert reports/opinions, test reports/results, results calculations, presentations etc. prepared within the scope of the contract for the contractually agreed purpose.
- 11.3 The transfer of right of use of the generated work results regulated in clause 11.2. of the GTCB is subject to full payment of the remuneration agreed in favour of TÛV Rheinland.
- 11.4 The client may use work results only complete and unshortened. The client may only pass on the work results in full unless TÜV Rheinland has given its prior written consent to the partial passing on of work results
- 11.5 Any publication or duplication of the work results for advertising purposes or any further u the work results beyond the scope regulaed in clause 11.2 needs the prior written appror T/U Rheinland in each individual case.
- 11.6 TÜV Reinland may revoke a once given approval according to clause 11.5 at any time without stating reasons. In this case, the client is obliged to stop the transfer of the work results immediately at his own expense and, as far as possible, to withdraw publications.
- The consent of $T\ddot{U}V$ Rheinland to publication or duplication of the work results does not entitle the client to use the corporate logo, corporate design or test/centification mark of $T\ddot{U}V$

12 Liability of TÜV Rheinland

12.1 Irrespective of the legal basis, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, in the event of a breach of contractual obligations or tort, the liability of TÜV Rheinland for all damages, losses and reimbursement of expenses caused by TÜV Rheinland, its legal representatives and/or employees shall be limited to: (i) in the case of a contract with a fixed overall fee, three times the overall fee for the entire contract; (ii) in the case of a contract or annually recurring services, the agreed annual fee; (iii) in the case of a contract or annually recurring services, the agreed annual fee; (iii) in the case of a contract or entire the contract of the co

orders, three times of the fee for the individual order under which the damages or losses have occurred. Notwithstanding the above, in the event that the total and accumulated liability accumulated lia calculated according to the foregoing provisions exceeds 2.5 Million Euro or equiva amount in local currency, the total and accumulated liability of TÜV Rheinland shall be limited to and shall not exceed the said 2.5 Million Euro or equivalent amount in

- 12.2 The limitation of liability according to article 12.1 above shall not apply to damages losses caused by malice, intent or gross negligence on the part of TÜV Rheinland vicarious agents. Such limitation shall not apply to damages for a person's death, pirjury or illness.
- 12.3 In cases involving a fundamental breach of contract, TÜV Rheinland will be liable even w minor negligence is involved. For this purpose, a "fundamental breach" is breach of a man contractual obligation, the performance of which permits the due performance of the cont Any claim for damages for a fundamental breach of contract shall be limited to the amou damages reasonably foreseen as a possible consequence of such breach of contract a time of the breach (reasonably foreseeable damages), unless any of the circumstal described in article 12.2 applies.
- 12.4 TÜV Rheinland shall not be liable for the acts of the personnel made available by the client to support TÜV Rheinland in the performance of its services under the contract, unless such personnel made available is regarded as vicanious agent of TÜV Rheinland. IT TÜV Rheinland is not liable for the acts of the personnel made available by the client under the foregoing provision, the client shall indemnify TÜV Rheinland against any claims made by third parties arising from or in connection with such personnel's acts.
- 12.5 Unless otherwise contractually agreed in writing, TÜV Rheinland shall only be liable under the contract to the client.
- 12.6 The limitation periods for claims for damages shall be based on statutory provisions
- 12.7 None of the provisions of this article 12 changes the burden of proof to the disadvantage of the client

- 13.1When passing on the services provided by TÜV Rheinland or parts thereof to third parties in Greater China or other regions, the client must comply with the respectively applicable regulations of national and international export control tab.
- 13.2The performance of a contract with the client is subject to the proviso that there are no obstacles to performance due to national or international foreign trade legislations or embargos and/or sanctions, in the event of a violation, TDV Pheniand shall be entitled to terminate the contract with immediate effect and the client shall compensate for the fosses incured thereof by TDV Rehelland.

14. Data protection notice

Data protection notice

TÜV Rheinland processes personal data of the client for the purpose of fulfilling this contract. In addition, TÜV Rheinland also processes the data for other legal purposes in accordance with the relevant legal basis. The personal data of the client will only be disclosed to other natural or legal persons if the legal requirements are met. This also applies to transfers to third countries. The personal data will be deleted immediately as soon as a corresponding reason for deletion arises. Data subjects may exercise the following rights: right of objection, right of oretification, right of recessing limitation, right of objection, right of objection, right of the processing limitation, right to objection, right of data transferability. In addition, persons concerned by the data processing have the right to reveloc heir consent at any time with affect for the future, as well as the right to file a complaint with the competent data protection supervisor guildrow; For further death of the processor, please refer to the respective data protection formation. You can contact the Group Data Protection Officer of TÜV Rheinland by e-mail at datenschutz@de.tuv.com or by post at the following address: TÜV Rheinland AG, c/o Group Data Protection Officer, Am Grauen Stein, 51105 Cologne, Germany.

15. Test material: transport risk and storage

- 15.1The risk and costs for freight and transport of documents or test material to and from TÜV Rheinland as well as the costs of necessary disposal measures shall be borne by the client.
- 15.2Any destroyed and otherwise worthless test material will be disposed of by TÜV Rheinland for the client at the expense of the client, unless otherwise agreed.
- 15.3Undamaged test material shall be stored by TÜV Rheinland for four (4) weeks after completion of the test. If a longer storage period is desired, TÜV Rheinland charges an appropriate storage fee.
- 15.4After the expiry of the 4 weeks or any longer period agreed upon, the test material will be disposed of by TÜV Rheinland for the client for a fee in accordance with clause 15.2.

- 16.1 Notwithstanding clause 3.3 of the GTCB, TÜV Rheinland and the client are entitled to te the contract in its entirety or, in the case of services combined in one contract, eac combined parts of the contract individually and independently of the continuation remaining services with six (6) months notice to the end of the contractually agreed te
- 16.2For good causes, TÜV Rheinland may consider giving a written notice to the client to terminate the contract which includes but not limited to the following:
 - a) the client does not immediately notify TÜV Rheinland of changes in the conditions within the company which are relevant for certification or signs of such changes;
 - b) the client misuses the certificate or certification mark or uses it in violation of the contract;
 - c) in the event of several consecutive delays in payment (at least three times);
 - d) a substantial deterioration of the financial circumstances of the client occurs and as a result the payment claims of TÜV Rheinland under the contract are considerably endangered and TÜV Rheinland cannot reasonably be expected to continue the contractual relationship.
- 16.3.In the event of termination with written notice by TÜV Rheinland for good cause. TÜV Rheinland shall be entitled to a lump-sum claim for damages against the client if the conditions of a claim for damages sex sit. In this case, the client shall owe 15% of the remuneration to be paid until the end of the fixed contract term as lump-sum compensation. The client reserves the right to prove that there is no damage or a considerably lower damage, TÜV Rheinland reserves the right to prove a considerably higher damage in individual cases.
- 16.4TÜV Rheinland is also entitled to terminate the contract with written notice if the client has not been able to make use of the time windows for auditing /service provision provided by TÜV Rheinland within the scope of a certification procedure and the certificate therefore has to be withdrawn (for example during the performance of monitoring audits). Clause 16.3 applies

17. Partial invalidity, written form, place of jurisdiction and dispute resolution

- 17.1 All amendments and supplements must be in writing in order to be effective. This also applies to amendments and supplements to this clause 17.1.
- 17.2 Should one or several of the provisions under the contract and/or these terms and condition be or become ineffective, the contracting parties shall replace the invalid provision with legally valid provision that comes closest to the content of the invalid provision in legal a commercial terms.
- 17.3 Unless otherwise stipulated in the contract, the governing law of the contract and these terms and conditions shall be chosen following the rules as below:
 - a)if TÜV Rheinland in question is legally registered and existing in the People's Republic of China, the contracting parties hereby agree that the contract and these terms and conditions shall be governed by the laws of the People's Republic of China.
 - b)if TÜV Rheinland in question is legally registered and existing in Taiwan, the contracting parties hereby agree that the contract and these terms and conditions shall be governed by the laws of Taiwan.
- c)if TÜV Rheinland in question is legally registered and existing in Hong Kong, the contracting parties hereby agree that the contract and these terms and conditions shall be governed by the laws of Hong Kong.
- 17.4 Any dispute in connection with the contract and these terms and conditions or the execution thereof shall be settled friendly through negotiations. Unless otherwise stipulated in the contract, if no settlement or no agreement in respect of the extension of the negotiation period can be reached within two months of the arising of the dispute, that dispute shall be submitted:
 - ajin the case of TÜV Rheinland in question being legally registered and existing in the People's Republic of China, to China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission (CIETAC) to be settled by arbitration under the Arbitration Rules of CIETAC in force when the arbitration is submitted. The arbitration shall take place in Beijing, Shanghai, Shenzhen or Chongqing as appropriately chosen by the claiming party.
 - b)in the case of TÜV Rheinland in question being legally registered and existing in Taiwan, to Chinese Arbitration Association Taipel Branch to be arbitrated in accordance with its then current Rules of Arbitration. The arbitration shall take place in Taipei.
 - c)in the case of TÜV Rheinland being legally registered and existing in Hong Kong, to Hong Kong International Abitration Centre (HKIAC) to be settled by arbitration under the HKIAC Administered Abitration Rules in force when the Notice of Abitration is submitted in accordance with these rules. The arbitration shall take place in Hong Kong.
 - The decision of the relevant arbitration tribunal shall be final and binding on both parties. The arbitration fee shall be borne by the losing party.